NEET **SOLVED PAPER 2018**

PHYSICS

An em wave is propagating in a medium with a velocity $\vec{v} = v \hat{i}$. The instantaneous oscillating electric field of this em wave is along + y axis. Then the direction of oscillating magnetic field of the em wave will be along

- (a) -z direction
- (b) +z direction
- (c) -y direction
- (d) -x direction

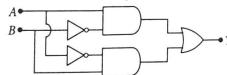
The refractive index of the material of a prism is $\sqrt{2}$ and the angle of the prism is 30°. One of the two refracting surfaces of the prism is made a mirror inwards, by silver coating. A beam of monochromatic light entering the prism from the other face will retrace its path (after reflection from the silvered surface) if its angle of incidence on the prism is

- (a) 60°
- (b) 45°
- (c) 30°
- (d) zero

The magnetic potential energy stored in a certain inductor is 25 mJ, when the current in the inductor is 60 mA. This inductor is of inductance

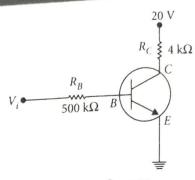
- (a) 0.138 H
- (b) 138.88 H
- (c) 1.389 H
- (d) 13.89 H
- 4 An object is placed at a distance of 40 cm from a concave mirror of focal length 15 cm. If the object is displaced through a distance of 20 cm towards the mirror, the displacement of the image will be
 - (a) 30 cm away from the mirror
 - (b) 36 cm away from the mirror
 - (c) 30 cm towards the mirror
 - (d) 36 cm towards the mirror

in the combination of the following gates the output Y can be written in terms of inputs A and B as



- (a) $A \cdot B$
- (b) $A \cdot \overline{B} + \overline{A} \cdot B$
- (c) $A \cdot B + A \cdot B$
- A + B

In the circuit shown in the figure, the input voltage V_i is 20 V, V_{BE} = 0 and V_{CE} = 0. The values of I_B , I_C and β are given by



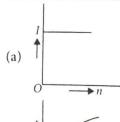
- (a) $I_B = 40 \,\mu\text{A}, I_C = 10 \,\text{mA}, \, \beta = 250$
- (b) $I_B = 25 \,\mu\text{A}, I_C = 5 \,\text{mA}, \beta = 200$
- (c) $I_B = 20 \,\mu\text{A}, I_C = 5 \,\text{mA}, \, \beta = 250$
- (d) $I_B = 40 \,\mu\text{A}, I_C = 5 \,\text{mA}, \, \beta = 125$
- In a p-n junction diode, change in temperature due to heating
 - (a) affects only reverse resistance
 - (b) affects only forward resistance
 - (c) does not affect resistance of p-n junction
 - (d) affects the overall V I characteristics of p-n junction
- A small sphere of radius 'r' falls from rest in a viscous liquid. As a result, heat is produced due to viscous force. The rate of production of heat when the sphere attains its terminal velocity, is proportional to
 - (a) r^3
- (b) r^2
- (c) r^5
- (d) r^4
- A sample of 0.1 g of water at 100°C and normal pressure $(1.013 \times 10^5 \text{ N m}^{-2})$ requires 54 cal of heat energy to convert to steam at 100°C. If the volume of the steam produced is 167.1 cc, the change in internal energy of the sample, is

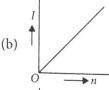
 - (a) 104.3 J (b) 208.7 J (c) 42.2 J

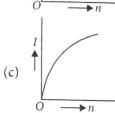
- 10. Two wires are made of the same material and have the same volume. The first wire has cross-sectional area A and the second wire has cross-sectional area 3A. If the length of the first wire is increased by Δl on applying a force F, how much force is needed to stretch the second wire by the same amount?
 - (a) 9F
- (b) 6F
- (c) 4F
- (d) F
- 11. The power radiated by a black body is P and it radiates maximum energy at wavelength, λ_0 . If the temperature of the black body is now changed so that it radiates

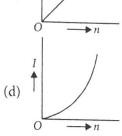
maximum energy at wavelength $\frac{3}{4}\lambda_0$, the power radiated by it becomes nP. The value of n is

- 12. A set of n equal resistors, of value R each, are connected in series to a battery of emf E and internal resistance R. The current drawn is I. Now, the n resistors are connected in parallel to the same battery. Then the current drawn from battery becomes 10I. The value of n is
 - (a) 10
- (b) 11
- (c) 20
- (d) 9
- 13. A battery consists of a variable number n of identical cells (having internal resistance r each) which are connected in series. The terminals of the battery are short-circuited and the current I is measured. Which of the graphs shows the correct relationship between I and n?

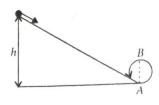








- 14. A carbon resistor of $(47 \pm 4.7) \text{ k}\Omega$ is to be marked with rings of different colours for its identification. The colour code sequence will be
 - (a) Violet Yellow Orange Silver
 - (b) Yellow Violet Orange Silver
 - (c) Yellow Green Violet Gold
 - (d) Green Orange Violet Gold
- 15. Which one of the following statements is incorrect?
 - (a) Rolling friction is smaller than sliding friction.
 - (b) Limiting value of static friction is directly proportional to normal reaction.
 - (c) Frictional force opposes the relative motion.
 - (d) Coefficient of sliding friction has dimensions of length.
- 16. A moving block having mass m, collides with another stationary block having mass 4m. The lighter block comes to rest after collision. When the initial velocity of the lighter block is v, then the value of coefficient of restitution (e) will be
 - (a) 0.5
- (b) 0.25
- (c) 0.8
- (d) 0.4
- 17. A body initially at rest and sliding along a frictionless track from a height h (as shown in the figure) just completes a vertical circle of diameter AB = D. The height h is equal to



- (a) $\frac{3}{2}D$

- 18. Three objects, A: (a solid sphere), B: (a thin circular disk) and C: (a circular ring), each have the same mass M and radius R. They all spin with the same angular speed ω about their own symmetry axes. The amounts of work (W) required to bring them to rest, would satisfy the

- (a) $W_C > W_B > W_A$ (b) $W_A > W_B > W_C$ (c) $W_B > W_A > W_C$ (d) $W_A > W_C > W_B$
- 19. A tuning fork is used to produce resonance in a glass tube. The length of the air column in this tube can be adjusted by a variable piston. At room temperature of 27°C two successive resonances are produced at 20 cm and 73 cm of column length. If the frequency of the tuning fork is 320 Hz, the velocity of sound in air at 27°C is
 - (a) 330 m s^{-1}
- (b) 339 m s^{-1}
- (c) 350 m s^{-1}
- (d) 300 m s^{-1}
- 20. An electron falls from rest through a vertical distance h in a uniform and vertically upward directed electric field E. The direction of electric field is now reversed, keeping its magnitude the same. A proton is allowed to fall from rest in it through the same vertical distance h. The time of fall of the electron, in comparison to the time of fall of the proton is
 - (a) smaller
- (b) 5 times greater
- (c) 10 times greater
- (d) equal
- 21. A pendulum is hung from the roof of a sufficiently high building and is moving freely to and fro like a simple harmonic oscillator. The acceleration of the bob of the pendulum is 20 m s⁻² at a distance of 5 m from the mean position. The time period of oscillation is
 - (a) $2\pi s$
- (b) πs
- (c) 2 s
- (d) 1 s
- 22. The electrostatic force between the metal plates of an isolated parallel plate capacitor C having a charge Q and area A, is
 - (a) Independent of the distance between the plates
 - (b) Linearly proportional to the distance between the plates
 - (c) Proportional to the square root of the distance between the plates
 - (d) Inversely proportional to the distance between the plates

An electron of mass m with an initial velocity $\vec{v} = v_0 \hat{i} \ (v_0 > 0)$ enters an electric field $\vec{E} = -\vec{E}_0 \hat{i} \ (E_0 = 0)$ constant > 0) at t = 0. If λ_0 is its de-Broglie wavelength initially, then its de-Broglie wavelength at time t is

(a)
$$\frac{\lambda_0}{\left(1 + \frac{eE_0}{mv_0}t\right)}$$

(a)
$$\frac{\lambda_0}{\left(1 + \frac{eE_0}{mv_0}t\right)}$$
 (b) $\lambda_0 \left(1 + \frac{eE_0}{mv_0}t\right)$

(d)
$$\lambda_0$$

For a radioactive material, half-life is 10 minutes. If initially there are 600 number of nuclei, the time taken (in minutes) for the disintegration of 450 nuclei is

When the light of frequency $2\upsilon_0$ (where υ_0 is threshold frequency), is incident on a metal plate, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted is v_1 . When the frequency of the incident radiation is increased to $5v_0$, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted from the same plate is v_2 . The ratio of v_1 to v_2 is

x The ratio of kinetic energy to the total energy of an electron in a Bohr orbit of the hydrogen atom, is

g. The moment of the force, $\vec{F} = 4\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} - 6\hat{k}$ (2, 0, -3), about the point (2, -2, -2), is given by

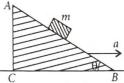
(a)
$$-8i - 4j - 7i$$

(a)
$$-8\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - 7\hat{k}$$
 (b) $-4\hat{i} - \hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$ (c) $-7\hat{i} - 8\hat{j} - 4\hat{k}$ (d) $-7\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$

(c)
$$-7i - 8j - 4i$$

(d)
$$-7\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$$

A block of mass m is placed on a smooth inclined wedge ABC of inclination θ as shown in the figure.



The wedge is given an acceleration a towards the right. The relation between a and θ for the block to remain stationary on the wedge is

(a)
$$a = \frac{g}{\csc \theta}$$
 (b) $a = \frac{g}{\sin \theta}$

(b)
$$a = \frac{g}{\sin \theta}$$

(c)
$$a = g \cos\theta$$

(d)
$$a = g \tan \theta$$

3. A toy car with charge q moves on a frictionless horizontal plane surface under the influence of a uniform electric field \bar{E} . Due to the force $q\,\bar{E}$, its velocity increases from 0 to 6 m s⁻¹ in one second duration. At that instant the direction of the field is reversed. The car continues to move for two more seconds under the influence of this field. The average velocity and the average speed of the toy car between 0 to 3 seconds are respectively (a) 2 m s^{-1} , 4 m s^{-1} (b) 1 m s^{-1} , 3 m s^{-1}

(a)
$$2 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$
, 4 m s^{-1}

(b)
$$1 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$
, 3 m s^{-1}

(c)
$$1 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$
, 3.5 m s^{-1}

(d)
$$1.5 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$
, 3 m s^{-1}

A student measured the diameter of a small steel ball using a screw gauge of least count 0.001 cm.

The main scale reading is 5 mm and zero of circular scale division coincides with 25 divisions above the reference level. If screw gauge has a zero error of -0.004 cm, the correct diameter of the ball is

- (a) 0.521 cm
- (b) 0.525 cm
- (c) 0.053 cm
- (d) 0.529 cm

31. Unpolarised light is incident from air on a plane surface of a material of refractive index µ. At a particular angle of incidence i, it is found that the reflected and refracted rays are perpendicular to each other. Which of the following options is correct for this situation?

(a) Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector parallel to the plane of incidence

(b) Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector perpendicular to the plane of incidence

(c)
$$i = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$$
 (d) $i = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$

(d)
$$i = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\mu} \right)$$

32. In Young's double slit experiment the separation d between the slits is 2 mm, the wavelength λ of the light used is 5896 Å and distance D between the screen and slits is 100 cm. It is found that the angular width of the fringes is 0.20°. To increase the fringe angular width to 0.21° (with same λ and D) the separation between the slits needs to be changed to

(a) 1.8 mm (b) 1.9 mm (c) 2.1 mm (d) 1.7 mm

33. An astronomical refracting telescope will have large angular magnification and high angular resolution, when it has an objective lens of

- (a) small focal length and large diameter
- (b) large focal length and small diameter
- (c) large focal length and large diameter
- (d) small focal length and small diameter

34. The volume (V) of a monatomic gas varies with its temperature (T), as shown in the graph. The ratio of work done by the gas, to the heat



absorbed by it, when it undergoes a change from state A to state B, is

(a)
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 (b) $\frac{2}{3}$ (c) $\frac{1}{3}$ (d) $\frac{2}{7}$

(b)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$

(d)
$$\frac{2}{7}$$

35. The fundamental frequency in an open organ pipe is equal to the third harmonic of a closed organ pipe. If the length of the closed organ pipe is 20 cm, the length of the open organ pipe is

- (a) 13.2 cm
- (b) 8 cm
- (c) 12.5 cm
- (d) 16 cm

36. The efficiency of an ideal heat engine working between the freezing point and boiling point of water, is

- (a) 26.8%
- (b) 20%
- (c) 6.25%

- 37. At what temperature will the rms speed of oxygen molecules become just sufficient for escaping from the Earth's atmosphere? (Given : Mass of oxygen molecule $(m) = 2.76 \times 10^{-26}$ kg, Boltzmann's constant $k_R = 1.38 \times 10^{-26}$ 10-23 J K 1)
 - (a) 2.508 × 104 K
- (b) $8.360 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
- (c) $5.016 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
- (d) $1.254 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
- 38. A metallic rod of mass per unit length 0.5 kg m⁻¹ is lying horizontally on a smooth inclined plane which makes an angle of 30° with the horizontal. The rod is not allowed to slide down by flowing a current through it when a magnetic field of induction 0.25 T is acting on it in the vertical direction. The current flowing in the rod to keep it stationary is
 - (a) 7.14 A
- (b) 5.98 A (c) 14.76 A (d) 11.32 A
- 39. An inductor 20 mH, a capacitor 100 μF and a resistor 50 Ω are connected in series across a source of emf, $V = 10 \sin 314 t$. The power loss in the circuit is

 - (a) 0.79 W (b) 0.43 W (c) 2.74 W
- - (d) 1.13 W
- 40. A thin diamagnetic rod is placed vertically between the poles of an electromagnet. When the current in the electromagnet is switched on, then the diamagnetic rod is pushed up, out of the horizontal magnetic field. Hence the rod gains gravitational potential energy. The work required to do this comes from
 - (a) The current source
- (b) The magnetic field
- (c) The lattice structure of the material of the rod
- (d) The induced electric field due to the changing magnetic field
- 41. Current sensitivity of a moving coil galvanometer is 5 div/mA and its voltage sensitivity (angular deflection per unit voltage applied) is 20 div/V. The resistance of the galvanometer is
 - (a) 40Ω
- (b) 25 Ω
- (c) 250Ω
- (d) 500Ω
- 42. If the mass of the Sun were ten times smaller and the universal gravitational constant were ten times larger in magnitude, which of the following is not correct?
 - (a) Raindrops will fall faster.
 - (b) Walking on the ground would become more difficult.
 - (c) Time period of a simple pendulum on the Earth would decrease.
 - (d) g on the Earth will not change.
- 43. A solid sphere is in rolling motion. In rolling motion a body possesses translational kinetic energy (K_t) as well as rotational kinetic energy (K_r) simultaneously. The ratio K_t : $(K_t + K_r)$ for the sphere is
 - (a) 7:10
- (b) 5:7
- (c) 10:7
- (d) 2:5
- 44. The kinetic energies of a planet in an elliptical orbit about the Sun, at positions A, B and C are K_A , K_B and K_C respectively. AC is the major axis and SB is perpendicular

to AC at the position of the Sun S as shown in the figure Then



- (a) $K_A < K_B < K_C$ (b) $K_A > K_B > K_C$ (c) $K_B < K_A < K_C$ (d) $K_B > K_A > K_C$
- 45. A solid sphere is rotating freely about its symmetry axis in free space. The radius of the sphere is increased keeping its mass same. Which of the following physical quantities would remain constant for the sphere?
 - (a) Angular velocity
 - (b) Moment of inertia
 - (c) Rotational kinetic energy
 - (d) Angular momentum

CHEMISTRY

- 46. A mixture of 2.3 g formic acid and 4.5 g oxalic acid is treated with conc. H2SO4. The evolved gaseous mixture is passed through KOH pellets. Weight (in g) of the remaining product at STP will be
 - (a) 1.4
- (b) 3.0
- (c) 2.8
- (d) 4.4
- 47. Nitration of aniline in strong acidic medium also gives m-nitroaniline because
 - (a) inspite of substituents nitro group always goes to only *m*-position
 - (b) in electrophilic substitution reactions amino group is meta directive
 - (c) in absence of substituents nitro group always goes to m-position
 - (d) in acidic (strong) medium aniline is present as anilinium ion.
- 48. Which of the following oxides is most acidic in nature?
 - (a) MgO
- (b) BeO
- (c) BaO
- (d) CaO
- 49. The difference between amylose and amylopectin is
 - (a) amylopectin have $1 \rightarrow 4$ α -linkage and $1 \rightarrow 6$.
 - (b) amylose have $1 \rightarrow 4 \alpha$ -linkage and $1 \rightarrow 6 \beta$ -linkage
 - (c) amylopectin have 1 \rightarrow 4 α -linkage and 1 \rightarrow 6 β-linkage
 - (d) amylose is made up of glucose and galactose.
- 50. Regarding cross-linked or network polymers, which of the following statements is incorrect?
 - (a) They contain covalent bonds between various linear polymer chains.
 - (b) They are formed from bi- and tri-functional monomers.
 - (c) Examples are bakelite and melamine.
 - (d) They contain strong covalent bonds in their polymer chains.

In the reaction,

$$OH \longrightarrow ONa^{+}$$

$$O + CHCl_{3} + NaOH \longrightarrow OCHC$$

the electrophile involved is

- (a) dichloromethyl cation (CHCl2)
- (b) formyl cation (CHO)
- (c) dichloromethyl anion (CHCL)
- (d) dichlorocarbene (: CCl₂)
- , Carboxylic acids have higher boiling points than aldehydes, ketones and even alcohols of comparable molecular mass. It is due to their
- (a) formation of intramolecular H-bonding
- (b) formation of carboxylate ion
- (c) more extensive association of carboxylic acid via van der Waals' forces of attraction
- (d) formation of intermolecular H-bonding.
- 3 Compound A, C₈H₁₀O, is found to react with NaOI (produced by reacting Y with NaOH) and yields a vellow precipitate with characteristic smell. A and Y are respectively

(a)
$$H_3C$$
 \longrightarrow CH_2 \longrightarrow OH and I_2

(b)
$$\leftarrow$$
 CH₂-CH₂-OH and I₂

(c)
$$CH-CH_3$$
 and I_2 OH

(d)
$$CH_3$$
 OH and I_2

- 4. The correct difference between first and second order reactions is that
 - (a) the rate of a first-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations
 - (b) the half-life of a first-order reaction does not depend on $\left[A\right]_0$; the half-life of a second-order reaction does depend on $[A]_0$
 - (c) a first-order reaction can be catalysed; a secondorder reaction cannot be catalysed
- (d) the rate of a first-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations.
- 5. Among CaH₂, BeH₂, BaH₂, the order of ionic character is
- (a) $BeH_2 < CaH_2 < BaH_2$ (b) $CaH_2 < BeH_2 < BaH_2$
- (c) $BeH_2 < BaH_2 < CaH_2$ (d) $BaH_2 < BeH_2 < CaH_2$

56. Consider the change in oxidation state of bromine corresponding to different emf values as shown in the given diagram:

$$BrO_{4}^{-} \xrightarrow{1.82 \text{ V}} BrO_{3}^{-} \xrightarrow{1.5 \text{ V}} HBrO$$

$$Br^{-} \xleftarrow{1.0652 \text{ V}} Br_{2} \xleftarrow{1.595 \text{ V}}$$

Then the species undergoing disproportionation is

- (a) BrO_3^- (b) BrO_4^- (c) Br_2
- (d) HBrO
- 57. In which case is number of molecules of water maximum?
 - (a) 18 mL of water
- (b) 0.18 g of water
- (c) 0.00224 L of water vapours at 1 atm and 273 K
- (d) 10⁻³ mol of water
- 58. Magnesium reacts with an element (X) to form an ionic compound. If the ground state electronic configuration of (X) is $1s^2$ $2s^2$ $2p^3$, the simplest formula for this compound is
 - (a) Mg_2X_3 (b) MgX_2 (c) Mg_2X (d) Mg_3X ,
- 59. Iron exhibits bcc structure at room temperature. Above 900 °C, it transforms to fcc structure. The ratio of density of iron at room temperature to that at 900 °C (assuming molar mass and atomic radii of iron remains constant with temperature) is

 - (a) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}}$ (b) $\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{2}}$ (c) $\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4\sqrt{2}}$ (d) $\frac{1}{2}$
- 60. Which one is a wrong statement?
 - (a) Total orbital angular momentum of electron in s-orbital is equal to zero.
 - (b) An orbital is designated by three quantum numbers while an electron in an atom is designated by four quantum numbers.
 - (c) The electronic configuration of N atom is

- (d) The value of m for d_z^2 is zero.
- **61.** Consider the following species: CN⁺, CN⁻, NO and CN. Which one of these will have the highest bond order?
 - (a) NO
- (b) CN-
- (c) CN+
- (d) CN
- 62. Which of the following statements is not true for halogens?
 - (a) All form monobasic oxyacids.
 - (b) All are oxidizing agents.
 - (c) All but fluorine show positive oxidation states.
 - (d) Chlorine has the highest electron-gain enthalpy.
- 63. Which one of the following elements is unable to form MF_6^{3-} ion?
- (b) Al (c) B
- (d) In

- 64. In the structure of CIF3, the number of lone pairs of electrons on central atom 'Cl' is
 - (a) one
- (b) two
- (c) four
- (d) three.
- 65. Considering Ellingham diagram, which of the following metals can be used to reduce alumina?
 - (a) Fe
- (b) Zn
- (c) Mg
- (d) Cu
- 66. The correct order of atomic radii in group 13 elements is
 - (a) B < Al < In < Ga < Tl
 - (b) B < Al < Ga < In < Tl
 - (c) B < Ga < Al < Tl < In
 - (d) B < Ga < Al < In < Tl
- 67. The correct order of N-compounds in its decreasing order of oxidation states is
 - (a) HNO₃, NO, N₂, NH₄Cl
 - (b) HNO₃, NO, NH₄Cl, N,
 - (c) HNO₃, NH₄Cl, NO, N₂
 - (d) NH₄Cl, N₂, NO, HNO₃
- 68. On which of the following properties does the coagulating power of an ion depend?
 - (a) The magnitude of the charge on the ion alone
 - (b) Size of the ion alone
 - (c) Both magnitude and sign of the charge on the ion
 - (d) The sign of charge on the ion alone
- 69. Following solutions were prepared by mixing different volumes of NaOH and HCl of different concentrations :
 - A. $60 \text{ mL} \frac{M}{10} \text{ HCl} + 40 \text{ mL} \frac{M}{10} \text{ NaOH}$
 - B. 55 mL $\frac{M}{10}$ HCl + 45 mL $\frac{M}{10}$ NaOH
 - C. 75 mL $\frac{M}{5}$ HCl + 25 mL $\frac{M}{5}$ NaOH
 - D. $100 \text{ mL} \frac{M}{10} \text{ HCl} + 100 \text{ mL} \frac{M}{10} \text{ NaOH}$

pH of which one of them will be equal to 1?

- (a) B
- (b) A
- (c) D
- (d) C
- 70. The solubility of BaSO₄ in water is 2.42×10^{-3} g L⁻¹ at 298 K. The value of its solubility product (K_{sp}) will be (Given molar mass of $BaSO_4 = 233 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$
 - (a) $1.08 \times 10^{-10} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
 - (b) $1.08 \times 10^{-12} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
 - (c) $1.08 \times 10^{-14} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
 - (d) $1.08 \times 10^{-8} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
- 71. Given van der Waals' constant for NH₃, H₂, O₂ and CO₂ are respectively 4.17, 0.244, 1.36 and 3.59, which one of the following gases is most easily liquefied?
 - (a) NH₃
- (b) H₂
- (c) O, (d) CO,

- **72.** The compound A on treatment with Na gives B, and with PCl₅ gives C. B and C react together to give diethyl ether.
 - A, B and C are in the order
 - (a) C_2H_5OH , C_2H_6 , C_2H_5Cl (b) C_2H_5OH , C_2H_5Cl , C_2H_5ONa
 - (c) $C_2H_5Cl, C_2H_6, C_2H_5OH$
 - (d) C_2H_5OH , C_2H_5ONa , C_2H_5Cl
- 73. Hydrocarbon (A) reacts with bromine by substitution to form an alkyl bromide which by Wurtz reaction is converted to gaseous hydrocarbon containing less than four carbon atoms. (A) is
 - (a) $CH \equiv CH$
- (b) $CH_2 = CH_2$ (d) CH_4
- (c) $CH_3 CH_3$
- **74.** The compound C_7H_8 undergoes the following reactions:

$$C_7H_8 \xrightarrow{3Cl_2/\Delta} A \xrightarrow{Br_2/Fe} B \xrightarrow{Zn/HCl} C$$

The product *C* is

- (a) *m*-bromotoluene
- (b) o-bromotoluene
- (c) 3-bromo-2,4,6-trichlorotoluene
- (d) *p*-bromotoluene.
- 75. Which oxide of nitrogen is not a common pollutant introduced into the atmosphere both due to natural and human activity?
 - (a) N_2O_5
- (b) NO,
- (c) N,O
- (d) NO
- 76. For the redox reaction,

$$MnO_4^- + C_2O_4^{2-} + II^+ \rightarrow Mn^{2+} + CO_2 + H_2O$$

The correct coefficients of the reactants for the balanced equation are

$$MnO_4^ C_2O_4^{2-}$$
 H^+
(a) 16 5 2

- (b) 2
- (c) 2
- (d) 5
- 77. Which one of the following conditions will favour maximum formation of the product in the reaction
 - $A_{2(g)} + B_{2(g)} \rightleftharpoons X_{2(g)}, \Delta_r H = -X \text{ kJ }?$
 - (a) Low temperature and high pressure
 - (b) Low temperature and low pressure (c) High temperature and high pressure
 - (d) High temperature and low pressure
- 78. The correction factor 'a' to the ideal gas equation corresponds to
 - (a) density of the gas molecules
 - (b) volume of the gas molecules
 - (c) electric field present between the gas molecules
 - (d) forces of attraction between the gas molecules.

- When initial concentration of the reactant is doubled, the half-life period of a zero order reaction
 - (a) is halved
- (b) is doubled
- (c) is tripled
- (d) remains unchanged.
- 1. The bond dissociation energies of X_2 , Y_2 and XY are in the ratio of 1:0.5:1. ΔH for the formation of XY is -200 kJ mol⁻¹. The bond dissociation energy of X_2 will be
 - (a) 200 kJ mol-1
- (b) 100 kJ mol⁻¹
- (c) 800 kJ mol-1
- (d) 400 kJ mol⁻¹
- $\S1$. Identify the major products P, Q and R in the following sequence of reactions:

+ CH₃CH₂CH₂Cl
$$\xrightarrow{\text{anhyd. AlCl}_3} P$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{(i) O}_2} Q + P$$

(a)
$$P = \bigcirc CH_2CH_2CH_3$$
 CHO
$$Q = \bigcirc QH_2CH_3$$

$$Q = \bigcirc QH_2CH_3$$

$$R = CH_3CH_2-OH$$

$$CH_2CH_2CH_3$$

$$Q = QHO$$

$$CHO$$

$$CHO$$

$$CHO$$

$$COOH$$

(c)
$$P = \begin{pmatrix} CH(CH_3)_2 \\ Q = \begin{pmatrix} Q \\ Q \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R = CH_3CH(OH)CH_3$$

(d)
$$P = CH(CH_3)_2$$
, $Q = CH_3 - CO - CH_3$

- 82. Which of the following compounds can form a zwitter ion?
 - (a) Aniline
- (b) Acetanilide
- (c) Benzoic acid
- (d) Glycine
- 83. The type of isomerism shown by the complex $[CoCl_2(en)_2]$ is
 - (a) geometrical isomerism (b) coordination isomerism
 - (c) ionization isomerism (d) linkage isomerism.
- &4. Which one of the following ions exhibits d-d transition and paramagnetism as well?
 - (a) CrO_4^{2-}
- (b) $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ (d) MnO_4^{2-}
- (c) MnO_4

- 85. The geometry and magnetic behaviour of the complex [Ni(CO)₄] are
 - (a) square planar geometry and diamagnetic
 - (b) tetrahedral geometry and diamagnetic
 - (c) square planar geometry and paramagnetic
 - (d) tetrahedral geometry and paramagnetic.
- 86. Iron carbonyl, Fe(CO)₅ is
 - (a) tetranuclear
- (b) mononuclear
- (c) trinuclear
- (d) dinuclear.
- 87. Match the metal ions given in Column I with the spin magnetic moments of the ions given in Column II and assign the correct code:

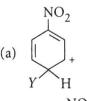
Column-I

Column-II

- Co^{3+}
- √8 B.M. (i)
- Cr^{3+}
- (ii) $\sqrt{35} \text{ B.M.}$ (iii) $\sqrt{3}$ B.M.
- Fe³⁺
- (iv) $\sqrt{24} \, \text{B.M.}$
- Ni^{2+}

A

- (v) $\sqrt{15} \text{ B.M.}$
- D C B
- (i) (ii) (v) (a) (iv) (iv) (iii) (ii) (b) (i)
- (iii) (i) (ii) (c) (iv)
- (i) (v) (d) (iii)
 - (ii)
- 88. Which of the following is correct with respect to -I effect of the substituents? (R = alkyl)
 - (a) $-NH_2 < -OR < -F$
 - (b) $-NR_2 < -OR < -F$
 - (c) $-NH_2 > -OR > -F$
 - (d) $-NR_2 > -OR > -F$
- 89. Which of the following carbocations is expected to be most stable?









- 90. Which of the following molecules represents the order of hybridisation sp^2 , sp^2 , sp, sp from left to right atoms?
 - (a) $HC \equiv C C \equiv CH$
 - (b) $CH_2 = CH C \equiv CH$
 - (c) $CH_2 = CH CH = CH_2$
 - (d) $CH_3 CH = CH CH_3$

	BIOLOGY	102. Stomata in grass leaf are
91	. The experimental proof for semi-conservative replication of DNA was first shown in a	(a) dumb-bell shaped (b) kidney-shaped (c) rectangular (d) barrel-shaped.
92.	(a) fungus (b) bacterium (c) plant (d) virus. Select the correct statement.	103. Which among the following is not a prokaryote? (a) Saccharomyces (b) Mycobacterium (c) Nostoc (d) Oscillatoria
01	 (a) Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage". (b) Punnett square was developed by a British scientist. (c) Spliceosomes take part in translation. (d) Transduction was discovered by S. Altman. Offsets are produced by 	 (a) Larger nucleoli are present in dividing cells. (b) It is a membrane-bound structure. (c) It takes part in spindle formation.
93.	(a) meiotic divisions (b) mitotic divisions (c) parthenocarpy (d) parthenogenesis.	(d) It is a site for active ribosomal RNA synthesis.105. The Golgi complex participates in
94.	 Which of the following pairs is wrongly matched? (a) Starch synthesis in pea: Multiple alleles (b) ABO blood grouping: Co-dominance (c) XO type sex determination: Grasshopper 	 (a) fatty acid breakdown (b) formation of secretory vesicles (c) respiration in bacteria (d) activation of amino acid.
95.	(d) T.H. Morgan: Linkage Which of the following flowers only once in its lifetime? (a) Bamboo species (b) Jackfruit (c) Mango (d) Papaya	106. In stratosphere, which of the following elements acts as a catalyst in degradation of ozone and release of molecular oxygen?(a) Carbon (b) Cl (c) Fe (d) Oxygen
	Select the correct match. (a) Alec Jeffreys - Streptococcus pneumoniae (b) Alfred Hershey and - TMV Martha Chase (c) Matthew Meselson - Pisum sativum and F. Stahl (d) François Jacob and - Lac operon Jacques Monod	 107. Which of the following is a secondary pollutant? (a) CO (b) CO₂ (c) SO₂ (d) O₃ 108. Niche is (a) all the biological factors in the organism's environment (b) the physical space where an organism lives (c) the range of temperature that the organism needs to live (d) the functional role played by the organism where it lives.
	Which of the following has proved helpful in preserving pollen as fossils? (a) Pollenkitt (b) Cellulosic intine	109. Natality refers to (a) death rate (b) birth rate (c) number of individuals leaving the habitat (d) number of individuals entering a habitat.
98.	(c) Oil content (d) Sporopollenin Stomatal movement is not affected by (a) temperature (b) light (c) O ₂ concentration (d) CO ₂ concentration.	110. What type of ecological pyramid would be obtained with the following data? Secondary consumer: 120 g Primary consumer: 60 g
	The stage during which separation of the paired homologous chromosomes begins is (a) pachytene (b) diplotene (c) diakinesis (d) zygotene.	Primary producer: 10 g (a) Inverted pyramid of biomass (b) Pyramid of energy (c) Upright pyramid of numbers (d) Upright pyramid of biomass
(The two functional groups characteristic of sugars are (a) hydroxyl and methyl (b) carbonyl and methyl (c) carbonyl and phosphate (d) carbonyl and hydroxyl.	111. World Ozone Day is celebrated on (a) 5 th June (b) 21 st April (c) 16 th September (d) 22 nd April.

112. Which of the following is commonly used as a vector for introducing a DNA fragment in human lymphocytes? (a) Retrovirus

(b) Ti plasmid

(c) λ phage

101. Which of the following is not a product of light reaction

(b) NADH

(d) Oxygen

of photosynthesis?

(a) ATP

(c) NADPH

(d) pBR322

3.	
public use is (a) Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR) (CSIR) (c) Research Committee on Genetic Manipulation	 122. Select the wrong statement. (a) Cell wall is present in members of fungi and plantae. (b) Mushrooms belong to basidiomycetes. (c) Pseudopodia are locomotory and feeding structures in sporozoans. (d) Mitochondria are the powerhouse of the cell in all kingdoms except monera.
(d) Genetic Engineering Appraisal Committee (GEAC).	123. Casparian strips occur in (a) epidermis (b) pericycle (d) endodermis.
long time. This is related to (a) Co-667 (b) Sharbati Sonora	124. Plants having little or no secondary growth are (a) grasses (b) deciduous angiosperms (c) conifers (d) cycads.
(a) Ribozyme - Nucleic acid (b) F ₂ × Recessive parent (c) T.H. Morgan - Dihybrid cross - Transduction	 125. Which one is wrongly matched? (a) Uniflagellate gametes – Polysiphonia (b) Biflagellate zoospores – Brown algae (c) Gemma cups – Marchantia (d) Unicellular organism – Chlorella
(d) G. Mendel - Transformation 6.Use of bioresources by multinational companies and organisations without authorisation from the concerned country and its people is called (a) bio-infringement (b) biopiracy	126. Match the items given in column I with those in column I and select the correct option given below. Column I A. Herbarium (i) It is a place having a collection of preserved plants and animals.
(c) biodegradation (d) bioexploitation. 117. The correct order of steps in Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) is	B. Key (ii) A list that enumerates methodically all the species found in an area with brief
 (a) extension, denaturation, annealing (b) annealing, extension, denaturation (c) denaturation, extension, annealing (d) denaturation, annealing, extension. 	description aiding identification C. Museum (iii) Is a place where dried and pressed plant specimens mounted on sheets are kept. D. Catalogue (iv) A booklet containing a
ll8. Secondary xylem and phloem in dicot stem are produced by (a) apical meristems (b) vascular cambium	list of characters and their alternates which are helpful in identification of various taxa.
(c) phellogen (d) axillary meristems.	A B C D
 (a) halophytes (b) free-floating hydrophytes (c) carnivorous plants (d) submerged hydrophytes. 	(a) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii) (b) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv) (c) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i) (d) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii) 127. Winged pollen grains are present in
120. Sweet potato is a modified	(a) mustard (b) Cycas (c) mango (d) Pinus.
(a) stem (b) adventitious root (c) taproot (d) rhizome. 121. Which of the following statements is correct? (a) Ovules are not enclosed by ovary wall in gymnosperms.	 128. After karyogamy followed by meiosis, spores are produced exogenously in (a) Neurospora (b) Alternaria (c) Agaricus (d) Saccharomyces. 129. What is the role of NAD+ in cellular respiration? (a) It functions as an enzyme.
 (b) Selaginella is heterosporous, while Salvinia is homosporous. (c) Horsetails are gymnosperms. (d) Stems are usually unbranched in both Cycas and Cedrus. 	 (b) It functions as an electron carrier. (c) It is a nucleotide source for ATP synthesis. (d) It is the final electron acceptor for anaerobic respiration.

(a) Green sulphur bacteria (b) Nostoc (c) Cycas (d) Chara. 131. Pollen grains can be stored for several years in liquid	(a) ectoderm and mesoderm (b) endoderm and mesoderm (c) mesoderm and trophoblast
(a) -120°C (b) -80°C (c) -196°C (d) -160°C.	(d) ectoderm and endoderm. 140. In a growing population of a country,
132. In which of the following forms is iron absorbed by plants? (a) Ferric (b) Ferrous	(a) pre-reproductive individuals are more than the reproductive individuals(b) reproductive individuals are less than the post-
(c) Free element (d) Both ferric and ferrous 133. Double fertilisation is	reproductive individuals (c) reproductive and pre-reproductive individuals are equal in number
(a) fusion of two male gametes of a pollen tube with two different eggs(b) fusion of one male gamete with two polar nuclei	(d) pre-reproductive individuals are less than the reproductive individuals.
(d) syngamy and triple fusion.	141. All of the following are included in 'ex-situ conservation' except (a) wildlife safari parks (b) sacred groves
134. Which of the following elements is responsible for maintaining turgor in cells?	(c) botanical gardens (d) seed banks.
(a) Magnesium (b) Sodium (c) Potassium (d) Calcium	"smack"? (a) Flowers (b) Latex (c) Roots (d) Leaves
135. Which one of the following plants shows a very close relationship with a species of moth, where none of the two can complete its life cycle without the other? (a) Hydrilla (b) Yucca (c) Banana (d) Viola	It 14and select the correct option given below. Column I A. Eutrophication (i) UV-B radiation
136. Hormones secreted by the placenta to maintain pregnancy are	B. Sanitary landfill (ii) Deforestation C. Snow blindness (iii) Nutrient enrichment
(a) hCG, hPL, progestogens, prolactin(b) hCG, hPL, estrogens, relaxin, oxytocin	D. Jhum cultivation (iv) Waste disposal A B C D
 (c) hCG, hPL, progestogens, estrogens (d) hCG, progestogens, estrogens, glucocorticoids. 	(a) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (b) (i) (iii) (iv) (ii) (c) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
137. The contraceptive 'Saheli'	(d) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)
(a) blocks estrogen receptors in the uterus, preventing eggs from getting implanted (b) increases the concentration of actual and the second	144. Which one of the following population interactions is widely used in medical science for the production of
(b) increases the concentration of estrogen and prevents ovulation in females(c) is an IUD	antibiotics? (a) Commensalism (b) Mutualism (c) Parasitism (d) Amensalism
(d) is a post-coital contraceptive.	(=) 1 11111111111111
138. The difference between spermiogenesis and spermiation	145. Which of the following events does not occur in rough endoplasmic reticulum?
is	(a) Protein folding (b) Protein glycosylation
(a) in spermiogenesis spermatids are formed, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed	(c) Cleavage of signal peptide(d) Phospholipid synthesis
(b) in spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed, while in	146. Which of these statements is incorrect?
spermiation spermatids are formed (c) in spermiogenesis spermatozoa from Sertoli cells	 (a) Enzymes of TCA cycle are present in mitochondrial matrix.
are released into the cavity of seminiferous tubules,	(b) Glycolysis occurs in cytosol.
while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed (d) in spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed, while in	(c) Glycolysis operates as long as it is supplied with NAD that can pick up hydrogen atoms.

139. The amnion of mammalian embryo is derived from

(d) Oxidative phosphorylation takes place in outer

mitochondrial membrane.

130. Oxygen is not produced during photosynthesis by

spermiation spermatozoa are released from Sertoli

cells into the cavity of seminiferous tubules.

Office			
for Suc (a)	my ribosomes may m multiple copies ch strings of ribosom polysome plastidome	(b) polyhedral bodies(d) nucleosome.	vertebrates is an example of (a) homology (b) analogy (c) convergent evolution (d) adaptive radiation. 154. Which of the following is not an autoimmune disease?
(a)	ect the incorrect ma Lampbrush chron Allosomes	nosomes – Diplotene bivalents	(a) Psoriasis (b) Kilcumatoid artiffus (c) Alzheimer's disease (d) Vitiligo
(c)	Sub-metacentric chromosomes Polytene chromos	, and an appropriate	(a) Forelimbs of man, bat and cheetah (b) Heart of bat, man and cheetah
(a) (c)	sl's bodies are mair proteins and lipid nucleic acids and	ls (b) DNA and RNA	(c) Brain of bat, man and cheetan(d) Eye of octopus, bat and man
(d)	free ribosomes an		156. Which of the following characteristics represent 'inheritance of blood groups' in humans?
(a) (b) (c) (d)	Thecodont, Diphy Thecodont, Diphy Pleurodont, Mon Pleurodont, Diph	g terms describes human dentition? yodont, Homodont yodont, Heterodont ophyodont, Homodont yodont, Heterodont	(i) Dominance (ii) Co-dominance (iii) Multiple allele (iv) Incomplete dominance (v) Polygenic inheritance (a) (ii), (iii) and (v) (b) (i), (ii) and (iii) (c) (ii), (iv) and (v) (d) (i), (iii) and (v)
ISI. Ma II a A.	tch the items given nd select the corre Column I Glycosuria	in column I with those in column ct option given below. Column II (i) Accumulation of urid	cause chronic inflammation of lymphatic vessels? (a) Flephantiasis (b) Ascariasis
В.	Gout Renal calculi	acid in joints (ii) Mass of crystallised salts within the kidney (iii) Inflammation in glomeruli	158. Conversion of milk to curd improves its nutritional value by increasing the amount of (a) vitamin D (b) vitamin A (c) vitamin B ₁₂ (d) vitamin E.
D.	Glomerular neph	urine C D grower un urine C D	12
(a) (b) (c) (d)	(i) (ii) (iii) (iii)	(iv) (i) (iii) (iv) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii)	 160. Which of the following structures or regions is incorrectly paired with its functions? (a) Medulla oblongata: Controls respiration and cardiovascular reflexes
152. Ma II a	nd select the corre Column I	n in column I with those in column ect option given below. Column II	(b) Limbic system : Consists of fibre tracts that interconnect different regions of brain controls movement
A. B.		(Part of excretory system) (i) Henle's loop f urine (ii) Ureter (iii) Ureter	hormones and regulation of temperature, hunger and thirst
C. D.	Transport of uring Storage of uring	(iv) Malpighian corpuscle(v) Proximal convoluted	(d) Corpus callosum : Band of fibers connecting left and right cerebral hemispheres 161. Which of the following hormones can play a significant
		tubule	role in osteoporosis?
	A B	C D	(a) Aldosterone and prolactin
(a)	()	(ii) (iii)	(b) Progesterone and aldosterone
(b)	()	(ii) (iii)	(c) Estrogen and parathyroid hormone
(c)	' '	(i) (ii) (i) (iii)	(d) Parathyroid hormone and prolactin
(4)	(1)	7-7	

(a) ligaments attack the human eye is held in its place by	,	Α	В	C		
(a) figure its attached to the ciliary body	(a)		(i)	(ii)		
(b) ligaments attached to the iris	(b)		(iii)	(ii)		
(c) smooth muscles attached to the iris	(c)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)		
(d) smooth muscles attached to the ciliary body.				(iii)		
163. Which of the following animals does not undergo	(d)		(i)			
metamorphosis?		tch the	e items g	iven in	colun	nn I with those in colum
	II a	nd sel	ect the co	orrect o	ption	given below.
(b) Tunicate			ımn I			Column II
(d) Startisti	A.	Tida	l volume		(i)	2500 - 3000 mL
164. Identify the vertebrate group of animals characterised by	B.	Inspi	ratory re	serve	(ii)	1100 - 1200 mL
crop and gizzard in its digestive system.		volui				
(a) Amphibia (b) Reptilia	C.		ratory re	serve	(iii)	500 - 550 mL
(c) Aves (d) Osteichthyes	0.	volur	•	567 16	()	, • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
165. Which of the following organisms are known as chief	D.		lual volu	me	(iv)	1000 - 1100 mL
producers in the oceans?	D.					D
() 5: 2 ::		A	В	C		
()	(a)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(2)	iv)
, Edgicholds	(b)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)		ii)
166. Which one of these animals is not a homeotherm?	(c)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)		ii)
(a) Macropus (b) Chelone	(d)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(c) Camelus (d) Psittacula	172. AGO	GTAT	CGCAT	is a sec	mence	e from the coding strang
167. Ciliates differ from all other protozoans in						rresponding sequence o
(a) using flagella for locomotion	1	-	ribed mR		ne co.	responding sequence of
(b) having a contractile was a loc			UAUCG		(h)	UGGTUTCGCAT
(b) having a contractile vacuole for removing excess water(c) using pseudopodia for capturing prev						
or capturing picy	(C)	ACCI	JAUGC(JAU	(a)	UCCAUAGCGUA
(d) having two types of nuclei.	173. Acco	ording	to Hugo	de Vrie	s, the r	mechanism of evolution is
168. Which of the following features is used to identify a male		_	-			saltation
cockroach from a female cockroach?	1 22	_				minor mutations.
(a) Presence of a boat-shaped sternum on the 9 th						
abdominal segment						n I with those in column
(b) Presence of caudal styles				rect op	_	given below.
(c) Forewings with darker tegmina	1	Colun				Column II
(d) Presence of anal cerci	A.	Prolife	erative pl	nase		Breakdown of
						endometrial lining
169. Which of the following options correctly represents the			ory phas	e	(ii)	Follicular phase
lung conditions in asthma and emphysema, respectively?	C.	Menst	ruation		(iii)	Luteal phase
(a) Inflammation of bronchioles; Decreased respiratory		A	В	C		-
surface	(a) (i	ii)	(ii)	(i)		
(b) Increased number of bronchioles; Increased	(b) (i)	(iii)	(ii)		
respiratory surface	(c) (i	i)	(iii)	(i)		
(c) Increased respiratory surface; Inflammation of	(d)(i	ii)	(i)	(ii)		
bronchioles	175 A w					
(d) Decreased respiratory surface; Inflammation of	1/3.A W(oman	nas an A	k-linked	d con	dition on one of her X
bronchioles	Chroi	noson	nes. This	chrom	osome	e can be inherited by
170. Match the items given in column I with those in column			aughters		(b)	only sons
	(c) (only g	randchild	dren	(d)	both sons and daughters.
II and select the correct option given below. Column I Column II	176. All of	f the fo	ollowing	are par		operon except
	(a) a	an ope	rator	are pur	(b)	etmustumal sames
A. Tricuspid valve (i) Between left atrium		an enh				structural genes
and left ventricle						a promoter.
B. Bicuspid valve (ii) Between right ventricle	177. Whic	ch of t	he follow	wing ga	astric	cells indirectly help in
and pulmonary artery	eryth	ropoie	esis?			
C. Semilunar valve (iii) Between right atrium	(a) (Chief o	cells		(b) I	Mucous cells
and right ventricle	(c) (Goblet	cells			Parietal cells
					. ,	www.manacarana.com

Match the items given in column I with those in column 11 and select the correct option given below

	Colu	mn I			Column II			
	Fibrinogen Globulin			(i) (ii)	Osmotic balance			
Albumin				0 6	Blood clotting Defence mechanism			
	A	B	C		- The charlist it			
	(iii)	(ii)	(i)					
	(i)	(ii)	(iii)					
	(i)	(iii)	(ii)					
	(ii)	(iii)	(i)					

- 179. Calcium is important in skeletal muscle contraction
 - (a) binds to troponin to remove the masking of active sites on actin for myosin
 - (b) activates the myosin ATPase by binding to it
 - (c) detaches the myosin head from the actin filament
 - (d) prevents the formation of bonds between the myosin cross bridges and the actin filament.
- 180. Which of the following is an occupational respiratory disorder?
 - (a) Anthracis

(b) Silicosis

(c) Botulism

Emphysema (d)